

Capability Analysis















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References

- QS 9000
- QS 9000 (Measurement System Analysis (AIAG))
- IATF 16949

9.1.1.1 Monitoring and measurement of manufacturing processes

The organization shall perform process studies on all new manufacturing (including assembly or sequencing) processes to verify process capability and to provide additional input for process control, including those for special characteristics.

- VDA Booklet 4 and 5
- "Measurement System Capability" Reference Manual



References

Guidline ("Measurement System Capability" Reference Manual)

Ford-Werke AG

Rainer Koch

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Herbert Löschner Franz-Georg Reitinger

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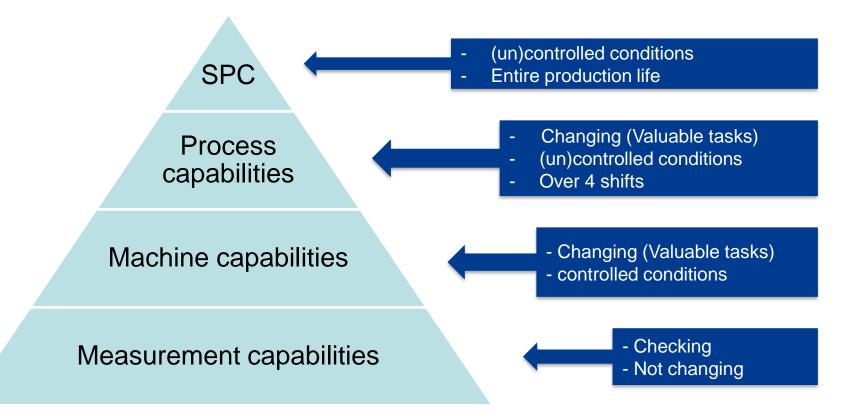
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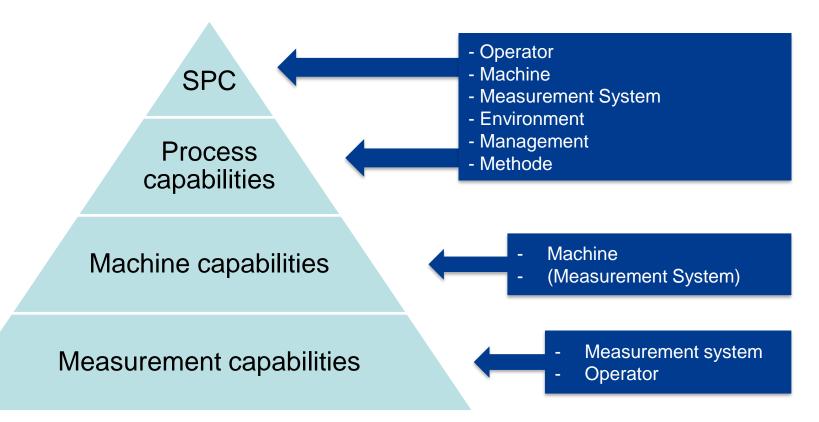
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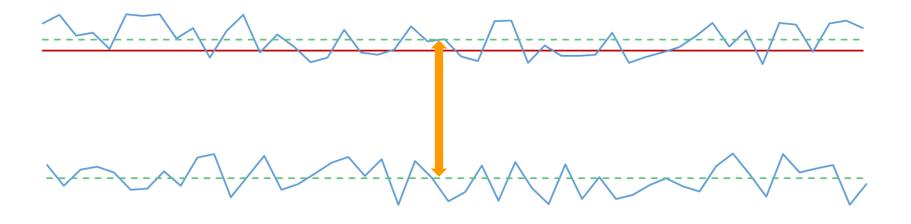








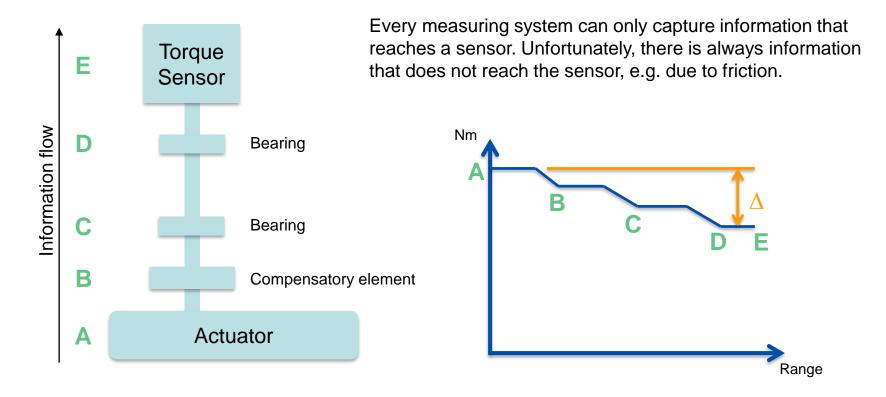
Correlation and System influences



Different Measurmentsystems can capture different results. The need is to understand the reason for this difference.

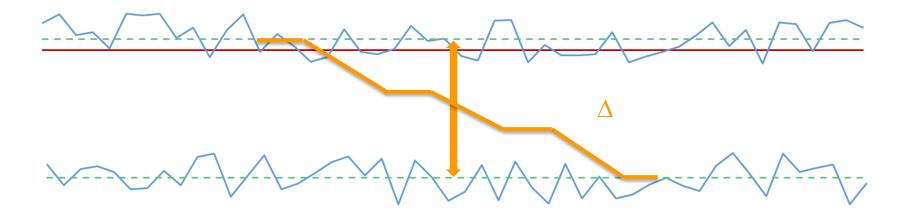


Correlation and System influences





Correlation and System influences



This lack of information caused by systematic influences can lead to different coverage.



Measurement capabilities



Measurement capability

- Method 1 (every equipment)
 - Cg
 - Cgk
- Method 2 (manual equipment)
 - R&R
- Method 3 (automatic equipment)
 - R&R

Messsystemanalyse

Gauge R&R



- Check 1 Part (Normal) 50 times
- Normal checked according DIN EN ISO/IEC 17025 (IATF requirement)

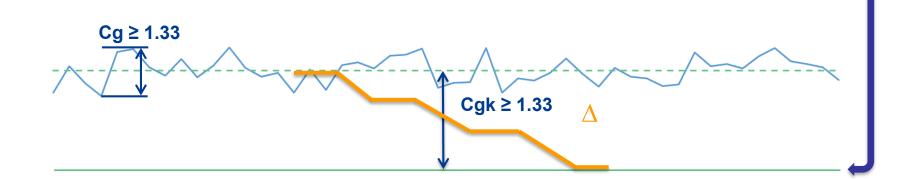




- Indices: Cg; Cgk (Capability gauge; Capability gauge Katayori)
- Detected Influences: Measurement system







Cg: Indicator for the spread width.

Cgk: Indicator of the systematical deviation.



- Check 10 Parts, 2 times by 3 Operators each.
- Indices: %R&R (earlier %GR&R) (Repeatability & Reproducibility)
- Detected Influences: Measurement System; Operator

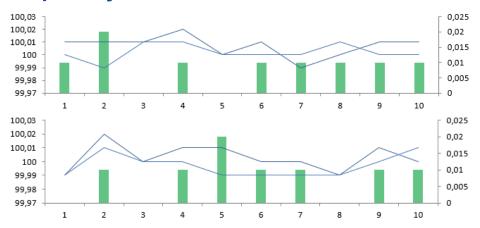








%R&R = 9.2



Characteristics Repeatability 10% Varianz Sigma 0,000068 %EV = 8,46 0,008216 Repeatability 3,72 0,000013 %AV = Reproducibility 0,003613 Reproducibility 0,000000 %IA = Interaction 0,000081 Gauge distribution 0,008975275 Interaction 5% 5 %RE = 0,2ndc = 2Number of distinct categories Capability acc 10% 30% ANOVA

NG

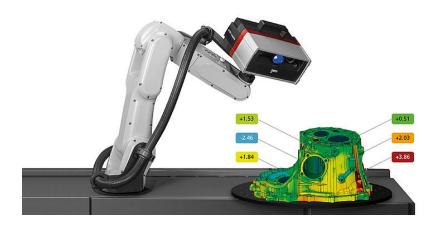
30 November 2021

R&R or GR&R <

10%



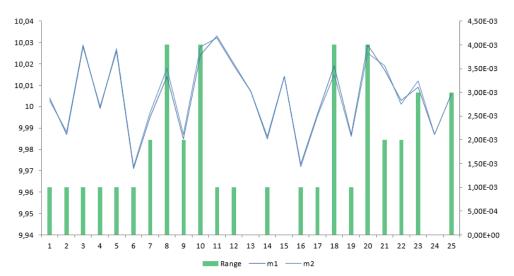
- Check 25 Parts, 2 times
- Indices: %R&R (Repeatability & Reproducibility)
- Detected Influences: Measurement System

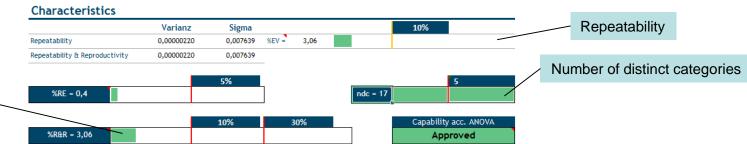












R&R or GR&R < 10%



Machine capabilities

Measurement capabilities

Cg = OK Cgk = OKR&R = OK

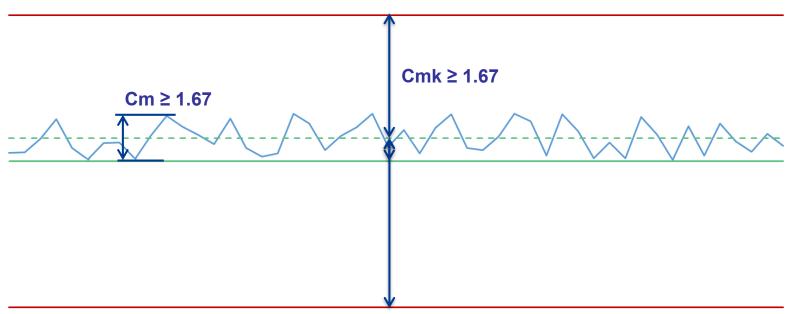


Machine capability

- Produce 50 Parts without adjust the machine
- Measure the parts according their production sequence
- Indices: Cm; Cmk (Capability machine; Capability machine Katayori)
- Detected Influences: Machine



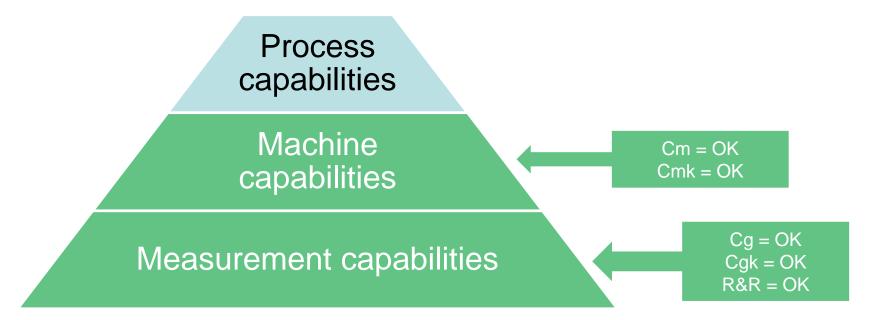
Machine capability



Cm: Indicator for the spread width.

Cmk: Indicator of the distance to the next specification limit.







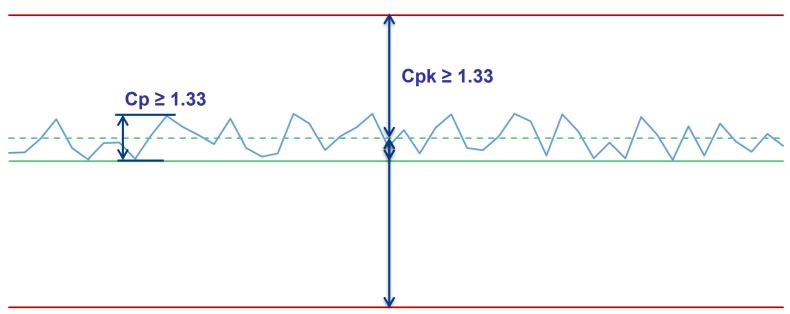
Process capability

Produce 125 Parts over 4 shifts with all influences.

- Measure the parts according their production sequence
- Indices: Cp; Cpk (Capability process; Capability process Katayori)
- Detected Influences: All "M" Influences



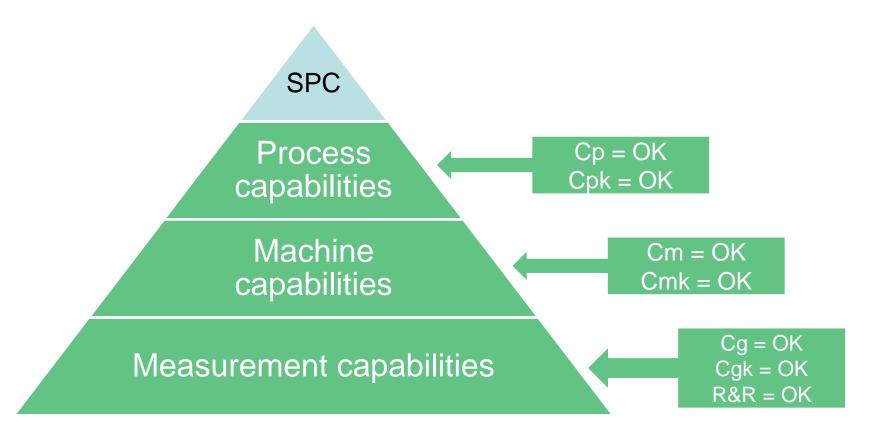
Process capability



Cp: Indicator for the spread width.

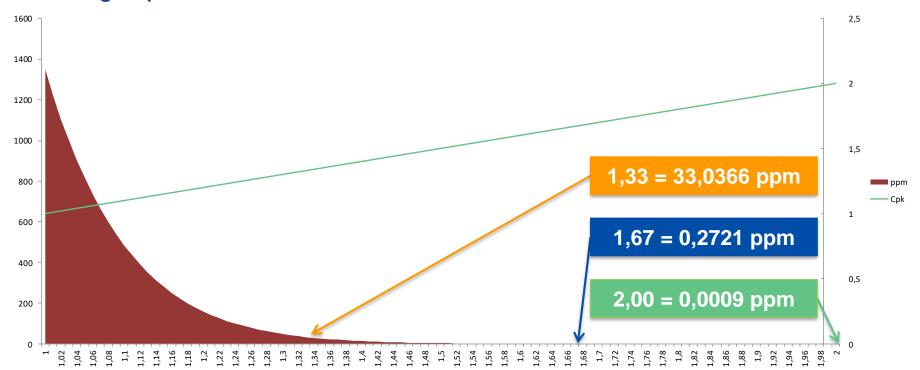
Cpk: Indicator of the distance to the next specification limit.







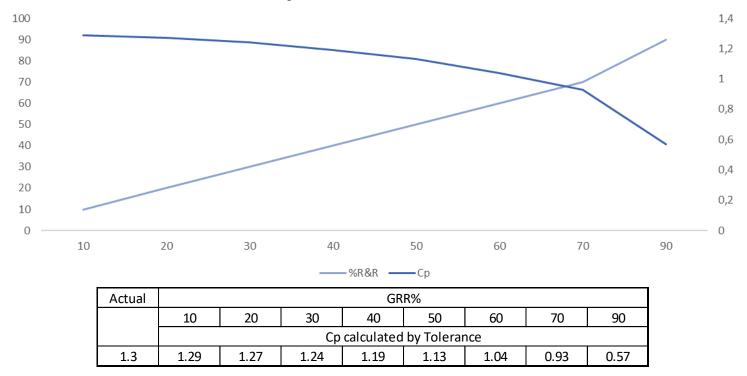
Increasing requirements



If a normal distribution is proven, there is a direct connection between Cpk and ppm. Due to cost reduction and quality improvement, Cpk values increasing in the last 20 years.



Connection between GRR% and Cp



Further there is a direct connection between Cp and the %R&R values (previously %GR&R). The larger the %R&R value, the smaller the Cp value and therefore also the Cpk.